

## G59/3-4 Generating Unit Type Test Sheet

## Type Tested Generating Unit(>16A per phase but ≤ 50kW 3 phase or 17kW 1 phase)

This Type Test sheet shall be used to record the results of the type testing of Generating Unit between 16A per phase and 17kW per phase maximum output at 230V (17kW limit single phase, 34kW limit split phase, 50kW limit 3 phase)

It includes the **Generating Units** supplier declaration of compliance with the requirements of Engineering Recommendation G59/3-4

				D0400000			
Type Tested reference number				DQ180303			
Generating Uni	t technology			Transformer le	ss PV inverter		
				0 1 501			
Model Name				Solis-50K			
Quatam aunulian				Ningho Ciplo	a Taabaalagiaa Caulta		
System supplier	name			Ningbo Ginioi	ng Technologies Co.,Ltd.		
				No 57	lintong Dood Soofront/Dinhoi)		
					Jintong Road, Seafront (Binhai)		
Address				Industrial Pa	rk, Xiangshan, Ningbo, Zhejiang,		
				315712,P.R.C	China		
Tel	(+86) 5	74 6580 33	77	Fax	(+86) 574 6578 1606		
					( ),		
E:mail	kun.zhan	g@ginlong.	com	Web site	www.ginlong.com		
					6 6		
Maximum export	capacity,	50	kW s	ingle phase, single, split or three phase system			
use separate she	eet if more						
than one connec	tion option.		kW three phase				
			kW two phases in three phase system				
			L/\/ +\	V two phases split phase system			
				wo phases spill p	ildse system		
System supplier	amed above as a supplier of a						
Generating Unit, that all products supplied by the							
					rm as stated in this document, prior		

to shipment to site and that no site modifications are required to ensure that the product meets all the requirements of EREC G59/3-4.

	Ginlong Technologies
Thong kun	宁波锦浪新能源科技有限公司
26. June.2018	NINGBO GINLONG TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.

Note that testing can be done by the manufacturer of an individual component, by an external test house, or by the supplier of the complete system, or any combination of them as appropriate.

Where parts of the testing are carried out by persons or organisations other than the supplier then the supplier shall keep copies of all test records and results supplied to them to verify that the testing has been carried out by people with sufficient technical competency to carry out the tests.



## G59/3-4 TYPE TEST VERIFICATION REPORT

**Power Quality. Harmonics.** These tests should be carried out as specified in 61000-3-12 or 61000-3-2. Only one set of tests is required and the **Manufacturer** should decide which one to use and complete the relevant table. The chosen test should be undertaken with a fixed source of energy at two power levels a) between 45 and 55% and b) at 100% of maximum export capacity. The test should be carried out on a single **Generating Unit**. The results need to comply with the limits of table 2 of BS EN 61000-3-12 for single phase equipment, to table 3 of BS EN 61000-3-12 for three phase equipment or to table 1 of BS EN 61000-3-2 if that standard is used. Note that Generating Units meeting the requirements of BS EN 61000-3-2 will need no further assessment with regards to harmonics. Generating Unitswith emissions close to the limits laid down in BS EN 61000-3-12 may require the installation of a transformer between 2 and 4 times the rating of the **Generating Unit** in order to accept the connection to a **DNO**'s network.

Generator Unit rating per phase (rpp)			17	kW				
Harmonic	At 45-55% of	rated output	100% of ra	ated output				
	Measured Value MV in Amps		Measured Value MV in Amps		Limit in BS EN 61000- 3-12 in Amps	Higher limit for odd harmonics 21 and above		
2	0.042	0.056	0.013	0.026	1.080			
3	0.380	0.098	0.343	0.387	2.300			
4	0.129	0.157	0.043	0.061	0.430			
5	0.432	0.459	0.322	0.366	1.140			
6	0.016	0.025	0.066	0.087	0.300			
7	0.330	0.371	0.157	0.172	0.770			
8	0.040	0.055	0.008	0.022	0.230			
9	0.114	0.128	0.104	0.130	0.400			
10	0.077	0.089	0.027	0.044	0.184			
11	0.155	0.179	0.112	0.131	0.330			
12	0.007	0.018	0.014	0.026	0.153			
13	0.099	0.127	0.056	0.069	0.210			
14	0.028	0.055	0.026	0.035	0.131			
15	0.037	0.060	0.048	0.060	0.150			

## Generating Unit tested to BS EN 61000-3-12



16	0.013	0.026	0.009	0.018	0.115	
17	0.055	0.081	0.008	0.017	0.132	
18	0.006	0.017	0.014	0.026	0.102	
19	0.046	0.055	0.031	0.044	0.118	
20	0.007	0.013	0.006	0.009	0.092	
21	0.005	0.011	0.011	0.018	0.107	0.160
22	0.014	0.023	0.009	0.014	0.084	
23	0.029	0.040	0.005	0.004	0.098	0.147
24	0.005	0.011	0.007	0.013	0.077	
25	0.009	0.017	0.010	0.016	0.090	0.135
26	0.007	0.015	0.005	0.010	0.071	
27	0.004	0.008	0.020	0.032	0.083	0.124
28	0.006	0.010	0.005	0.010	0.066	
29	0.012	0.023	0.005	0.010	0.078	0.117
30	0.004	0.011	0.005	0.010	0.061	
31	0.016	0.023	0.012	0.019	0.073	0.109
32	0.006	0.015	0.004	0.007	0.058	
33	0.003	0.008	0.005	0.010	0.068	0.102
34	0.005	0.010	0.005	0.008	0.054	
35	0.012	0.021	0.012	0.017	0.064	0.096
36	0.003	0.007	0.004	0.009	0.051	
37	0.006	0.010	0.008	0.012	0.061	0.091
38	0.003	0.007	0.004	0.007	0.048	
39	0.005	0.011	0.005	0.010	0.058	0.087
40	0.003	0.007	0.005	0.010	0.046	



Note the higher limits for odd harmonics 21 and above are only allowable under certain conditions, if these higher limits are utilised please state the exemption used as detailed in part 6.2.3.4 of BS EN 61000-3-2 in the box below.

Power Quality. Voltage fluctuations and Flicker. The tests should be carried out on a single
Generating Unit. Results should be normalised to a standard source impedance or if this results in
figures above the limits set in BS EN 61000-3-11 to a suitable Maximum Impedance.

		Starting			Stopping				Running	
	d max	d c	d(t)		d max	dc	d(t)	F	∙ st	P It 2 hours
Measured Values at test impedance	0.23	0.15	0		0.25	0.17	0	0	.08	0.09
Normalised to standard impedance	0.33	0.24	0		0.24	0.19	0	0	.06	0.08
Normalised to required maximum impedance	4%	3.3%	3.3% <sup>500m</sup>		4%	3.3%	<b>3.3%</b> <sup>500ms</sup>		1.0	0.65
Limits set under BS EN 61000-3-11	4%	3.3%	3.3%	6	4%	3.3%	3.3%		1.0	0.65
Test Impedance	R	0.2	24		Ω	XI	0.15			Ω
Standard Impedance	R		0.24 *		Ω	XI	0.15			Ω
Maximum Impedance	R				Ω	XI				Ω
* * !' / /!										

\* Applies to three phase and split single phase Generating Units

^ Applies to single phase **Generating Units** and **Generating Units** using two phases on a three phase system

For voltage change and flicker measurements the following formula is to be used to convert the measured values to the normalised values where the power factor of the generation output is 0.98 or above.

Normalised value = Measured value\*reference source resistance/measured source resistance at test point

Single phase units reference source resistance is 0.4  $\Omega$ 



Two phase units in a three phase system reference source resistance is 0.4  $\Omega$ 

Two phase units in a split phase system reference source resistance is 0.24  $\Omega$ 

Three phase units reference source resistance is 0.24  $\Omega$ 

Where the power factor of the output is under 0.98 then the XI to R ratio of the test impedance should be close to that of the Standard Impedance.

The stopping test should be a trip from full load operation.

The duration of these tests need to comply with the particular requirements set out in the testing notes for the technology under test. Dates and location of the test need to be noted below

Test start date	26. June.2018	Test end date	26. June.2018				
Test location	Ningbo Ginlong Tech	Ningbo Ginlong Technologies Co.,Ltd.					

<b>Power quality. DC injection.</b> The tests should be carried out on a single <b>Generating Unit</b> Tests are to be carried out three power defined levels $\pm 5\%$ . a 50kW three phase inverter has a current output of 72.2A at 230V so DC limit is 3.61A								
Test power level	10%	55%	100%					
Recorded value in mA	82.5	81.2	88.7					
as % of rated AC current	0.11%	0.11%	0.12%					
Limit	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%					

**Power Quality.** Power factor. The tests should be carried out on a single Generating Unit. Testa are to be carried out at three voltage levels and at full output. Voltage to be maintained within + or – 1.5% of the stated level during the test.

	216.2V	230V	253V	Measured at three voltage levels	
Measured value	0.998	0.999	0.999	and at full output. Voltage to be maintained within + or - 1.5% of	
Limit	>0.95	>0.95	>0.95	the stated level during the test.	

Frequency tests									
Function	Setting		Trip test		"No trip tests"				
	Frequency	Time delay	Frequency	Tim e delay	Frequency /time	Confirm no trip			
O/F stage 1	51.5Hz	90s	51.5Hz	90.8s	51.3Hz/95s	Yes			
O/F stage 2	52Hz	0.5s	52Hz	0.38s	51.8Hz /89.98s	Yes			



					52.2Hz/0.48s	Yes		
U/F stage 1	47.5Hz	20s	47.5Hz	21.5s	47.7Hz/25s	Yes		
U/F stage 2	47Hz	0.5s	47Hz	0.37s	47.2Hz/19.98s	Yes		
					46.8 Hz /0.48s	Yes		
Note. For frequency Trip tests the Frequency required to trip is the setting $\pm 0.1$ Hz. In order to measure the time delay a larger deviation than the minimum required to operate the projection can be used. The "No-trip tests" need to be carried out at the setting $\pm 0.2$ Hz and for the relevant times as shown in the table above to ensure that the protection will not trip in error.								

Protection. Voltage tests									
Function	Setting		Trip	test	"No trip-tests" All phases at same voltage				
	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage /time	Confirm no trip			
O/V stage 1	262.2V	1.0s	264V	1.60s	258.2V/2.0s	Yes			
O/V stage 2	273.7V	0.5s	275V	0.39s	269.7V/0.98s	Yes			
					277.7V/0.48s	Yes			
U/V stage 1	200.1V	2.5s	198V	3.11s	204.1V/3.5s	Yes			
U/V stage 2	184V	0.5s	182V	0.41s	188V/2.48s	Yes			
					180v/0.48s	Yes			
Note. For voltage tests the voltage required to trip is the setting plus or minus $3.45V$ . The time delay can be measured at a larger deviation than the minimum required to operate the projection. The No-trip tests need to be carried out at the setting $\pm 4V$ and for the relevant times as shown in the table above to ensure that the protection will not trip in error.									

a) Protection. Loss of Mains test and single phase test. The tests are to be To be carried out at three output power levels plus or minus 5%, an alternative for inverter connected Generating Units can be used instead.

To be carried out at three output power levels plus or minus 5%, an alternative for inverter connected Generating Units can be used instead.

Test Power	10%	55%	100%	10%	55%	100%
Balancing load on islanded network	95% of Generating Unit output	95% Of Generating Unit output	95% of Generating Unit output	105% of Generating Unit output	105% of Generating Unit output	105% of <b>Generating Unit</b> output
Trip time. Limit is 0.5s	0.31s	0.38s	0.25s	0.36s	0.31s	0.33s



s

Note. For technologies which have a substantial shut down time this can be added to the 0.5s in establishing that the trip occurred in less than 0.5s maximum. Shut down time could therefore be up to 1.0s for these technologies.

Indicate additional shut down time included in above results

Note as an alternative, inverters can be tested to BS EN 62116. The following sub set of tests should be recorded in the following table.

	33%	66%	100%	33%	66%	100%		
Test Power and imbalance	-5% Q	-5% Q	-5% P	+5% Q	+5% Q	+5% P		
	Test 22	Test 12	Test 5	Test 31	Test 21	Test 10		
Trip time. Limit is 0.5s	10268 = 0.328 = 0.208 = 0.318 = 0.248 = 0.268							
Single phase test for multi phase <b>Generating Units</b> . Confirm that when generating in parallel with a network operating at around 50Hz with no network disturbance, that the removal of a single phase								

network operating at around 50Hz with no network disturbance, that the removal of a single phase connection to the **Generating Unit**, with the remaining phases connected causes a disconnection of the generating unit within a maximum of 1s.

Ph1	Confirm	Ph2	Confirm	Ph3	Confirm Trip
removed	Trip	removed	Trip	removed	

b) Protection. Frequency change, Stability test						
	Start	Change	End	Confirm no trip		
	Frequency		Frequency			
Positive Vector Shift	49.5Hz	+50 degrees		Yes		
Negative Vector Shift	50.5Hz	- 50 degrees		Yes		
Positive Frequency drift	49.5Hz	+0.95Hzs <sup>-1</sup>	51.0Hz	Yes		
Negative Frequency drift	51.0Hz	-0.95Hzs <sup>-1</sup>	49.0Hz	Yes		

c) **Protection. Re-connection timer**. The tests should prove that the reconnection sequence starts in no less than 20s for restoration of voltage and frequency to within the stage 1 settings of table 10.5.7.1

Test should prove that the reconnection sequence starts in no less than 20s for restoration of voltage and frequency to within the stage 1 settings of table 10.5.7.1

Time delay	Measured delay (s)	Checks on no reconnection when voltage or frequency is
setting (s)		brought to just outside stage 1 limits of table 10.5.7.1.



	At 266.2V	At 196.1V	At 47.4Hz	At 51.6Hz
Confirmation that the <b>Generating</b> <b>Unit</b> does not re-connect	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

For machines with electro-magnetic output			For Inverter output			
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Time after fault	Volts	Amps	
Peak Short Circuit current	İρ		20ms	3.12V	108.3A	
Initial Value of aperiodic current	A		100ms	0		
Olnitial symmetrical short- circuit current*	I <sub>k</sub>		250ms	0	0	
Decaying (aperiodic) component of short circuit current*	i <sub>DC</sub>		500ms	0	0	
Reactance/Resistance Ratio of source*	×/ <sub>R</sub>		Time to trip	<20ms	In seconds	
For rotating machines and linear circuit current as seen at the <b>Ge</b> * Values for these parameters sh	nerating U	nit termina	als.			

\* Values for these parameters should be provided where the short circuit duration is sufficien to enable interpolation of the plot

e) Self Monitoring solid state switching	Yes/NA
It has been verified that in the event of the solid state switching device failing to disconnect the <b>Generating Unit</b> , the voltage on the output side of the switching device is reduced to a value below 50 Volts within 0.5 seconds	NA

Additional comments		